Teaching and Learning Considerations for Single Parenting Students In Remote Learning Environments

Division of Equity and Inclusion Office of the Vice President University of Oregon

Single college students with children are an important and growing part of the undergraduate college population. As compared with their non-parenting counterparts, college students with children are more likely to work full time and to take longer to graduate, which means that they usually have a larger debt load.

College students with children are more likely to be female and low-income. However, with proper support, single college students with children can be just as successful as their non-parenting counterparts. Below, please find suggestions for supporting single college students with children during these unprecedented times.

Flexibility is warranted due to the following situations:

- 1. Single college students with children are more likely to be sharing computers, technology and space with their children. They may need to participate in hybrid synchronous / asynchronous class meetings in order to accommodate a more flexible schedule.
- 2. Children get ill, which often interrupts parents' ability to attend class and complete assignments in a timely fashion. Empathize and work with students to find creative solutions.
- 3. Title IX policies are still applicable for pregnant students. Please be in touch with the <u>Office</u> <u>of Investigations and Civil Rights Compliance</u> to determine appropriate accommodations.

References: Institute for Women's Policy Research (2018). Analysis of data from the U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, 2015-16 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study. Retrieved from: <u>https://iwpr.org/publications/parents-college-numbers/</u>